3D Printing Applications in Tissue Engineering

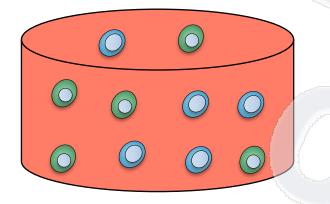
NIH Center for Engineering Complex Tissues (CECT)

June 7, 2019

Bhushan Mahadik, Ph.D. Assistant Director, CECT University of Maryland



Do you really need 3D Printing?



Cellular response

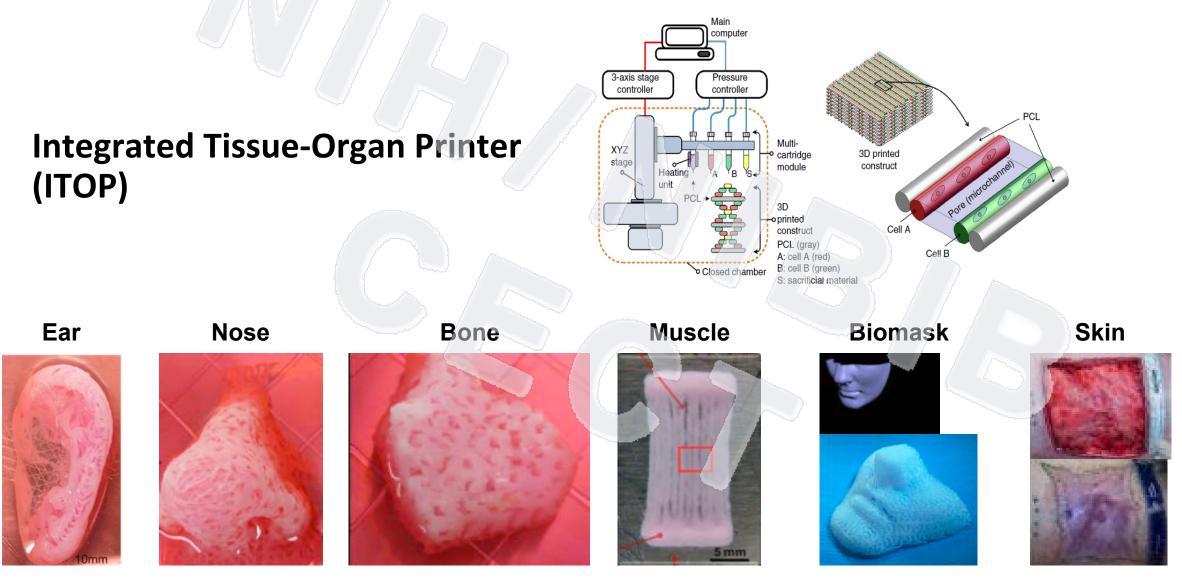
VS.

Tissue-level function

Application



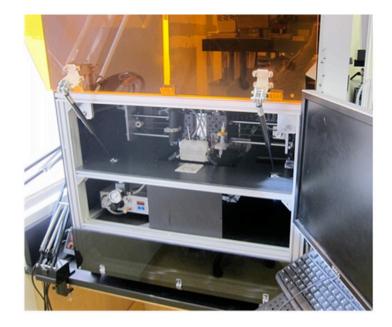
Custom-made, Multi-material Platforms

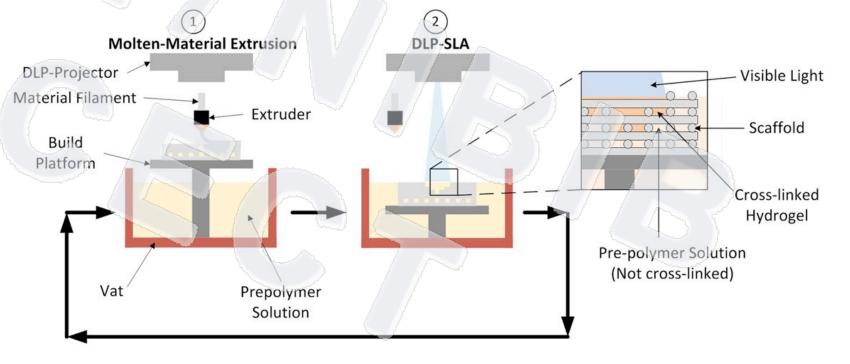


Custom-made, Multi-material Platforms

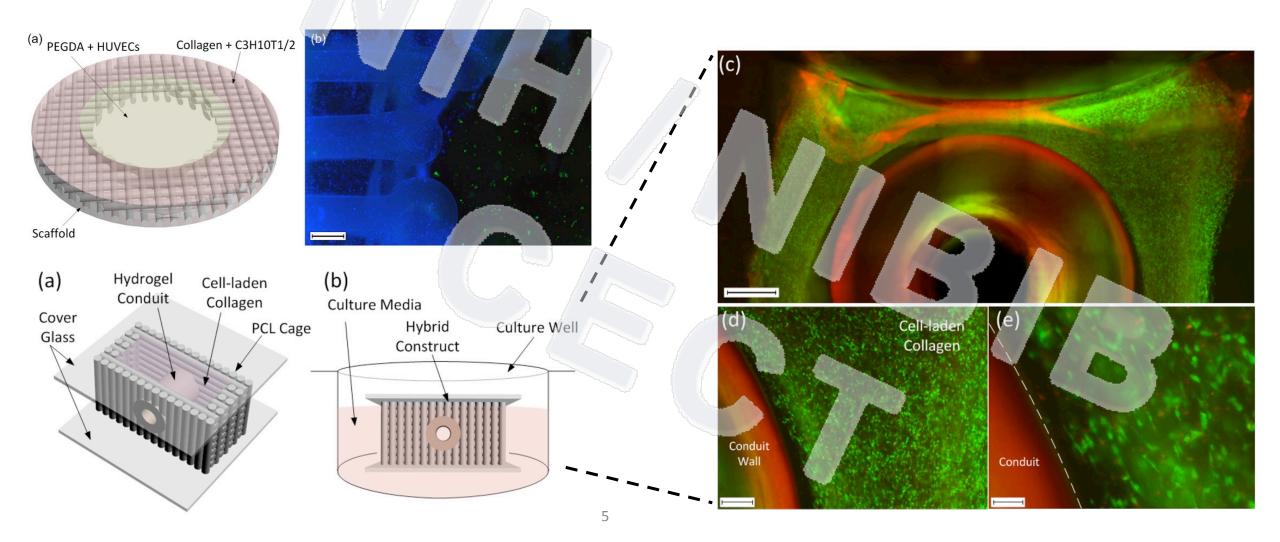
Hybprinter

Y Shanjani et al 2015 Biofabrication 7 045008



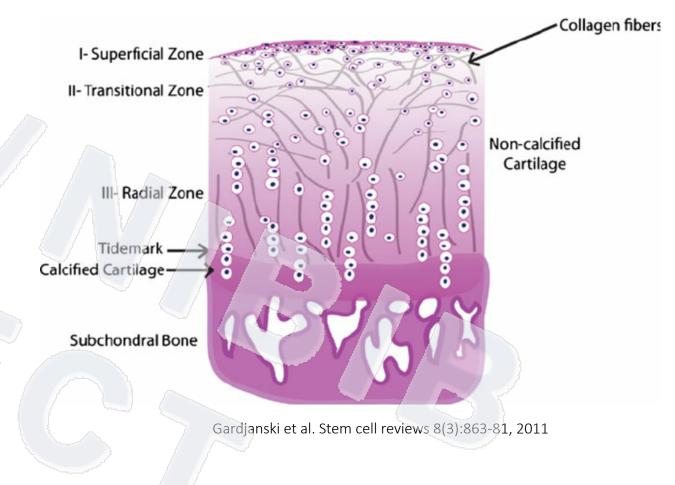


Custom-made, Multi-material Platforms



Applications in Cartilage Engineering

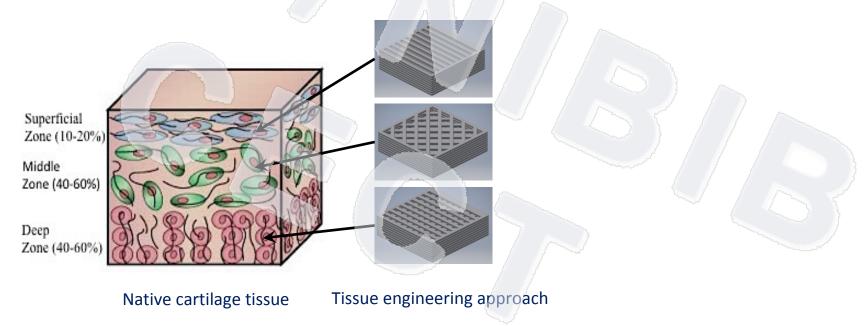
- Challenges in cartilage printing:
 - Avascular
 - Single cell type, low proliferation
 - Zonal architecture with a complex microenvironment
 - Mechanical properties
- Current medical practices lacking
 - Physical treatment
 - Microfractures
 - Auto/allo grafts





Cartilage Engineering: Patterned Scaffolds

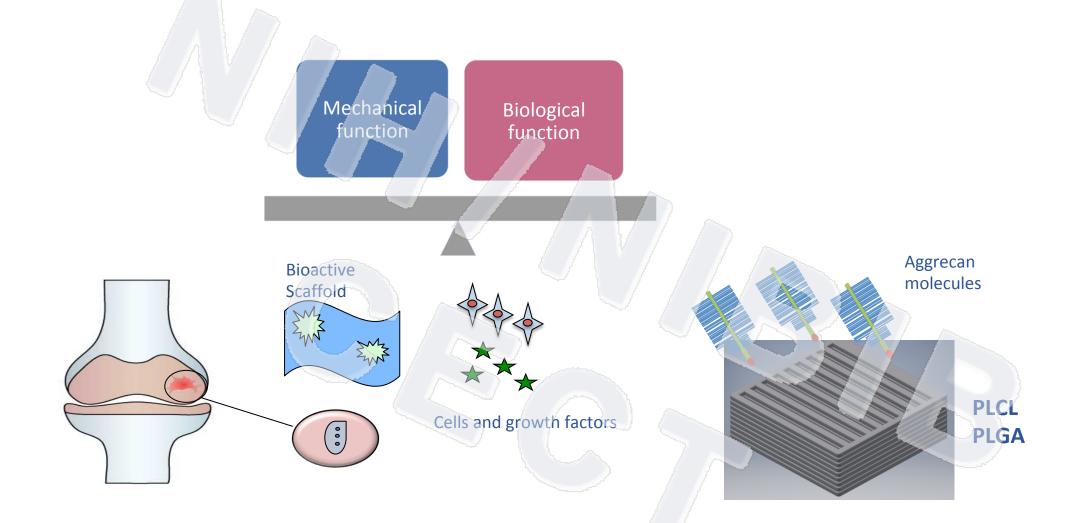
- Chondrocytes
- ECM (Collagen II, proteoglycans
- Zonal architecture



enter for

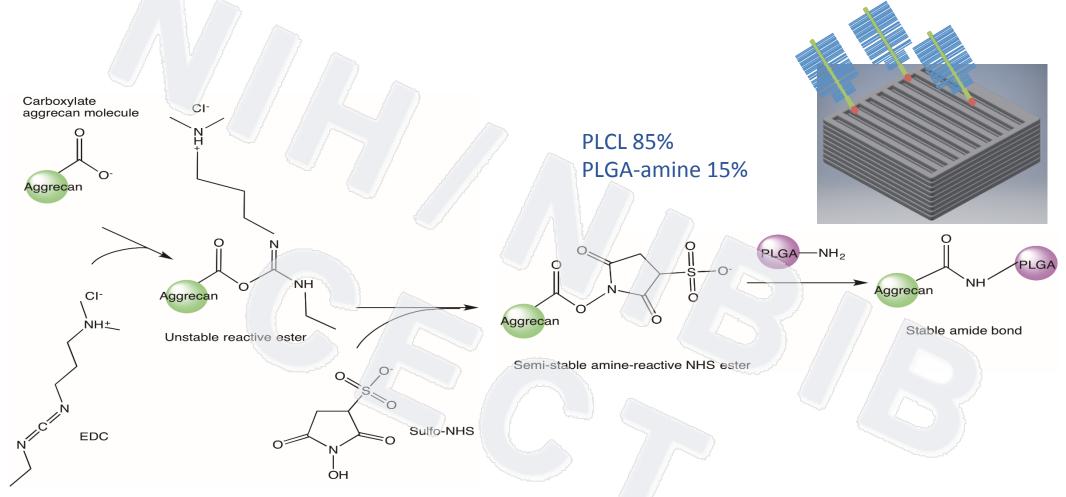
Engineering Complex Tissues

Biofunctionalization





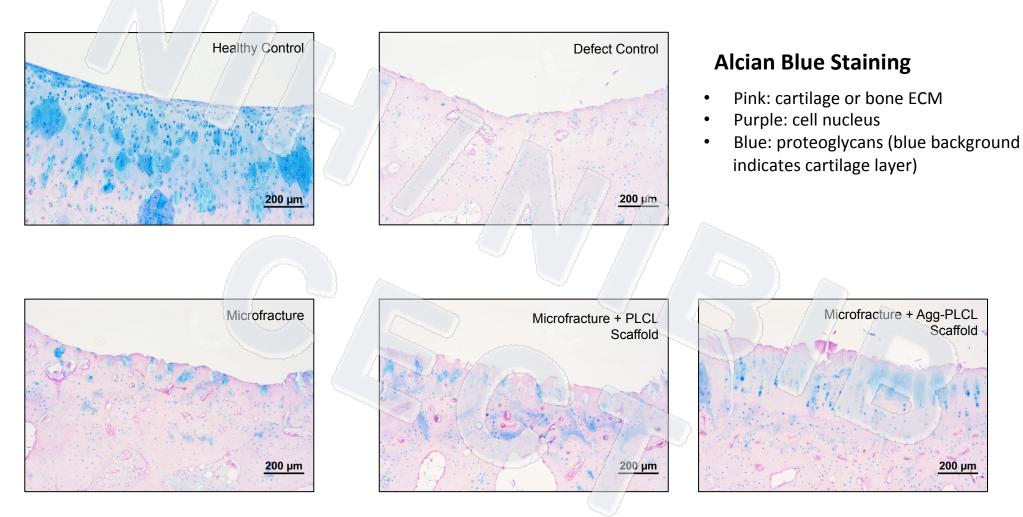
Chemical Modification



Chemical linking reaction between aggrecan and PLGA involving EDC and sulfo-NHS

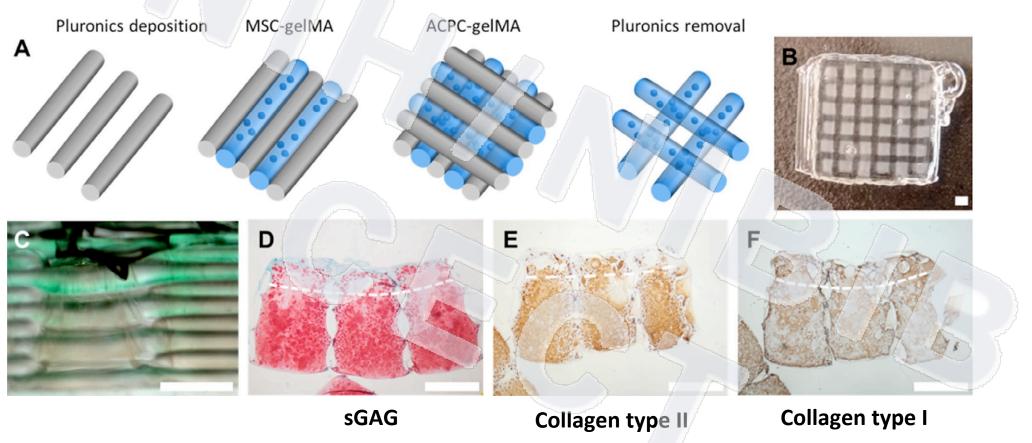


In vivo Evaluation: Rabbit Model





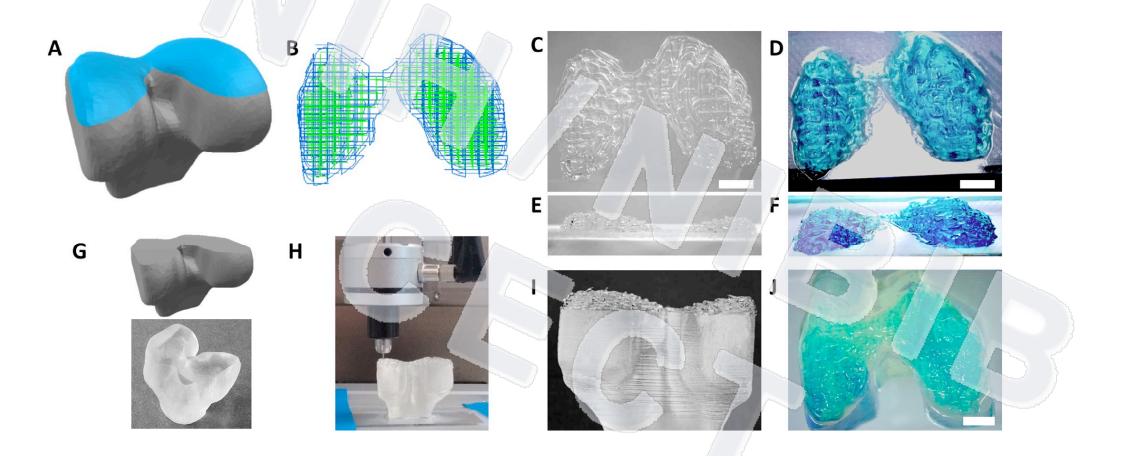
Cartilage Engineering: Zonal Approach





Acta Biomaterialia, Volume 61, 1 October 2017, Pages 41-53

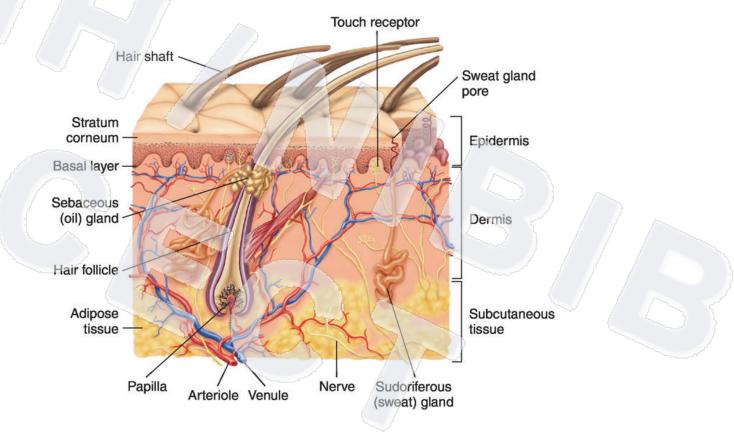
Cartilage Engineering: Zonal Approach





3D Printing Skin

• Stratified tissue similar to cartilage

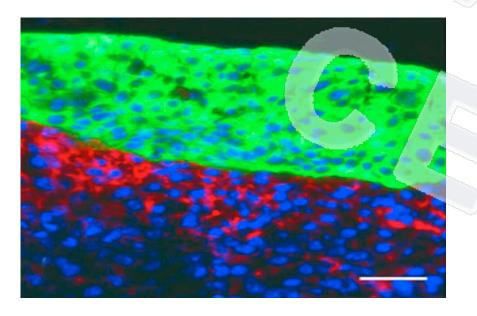


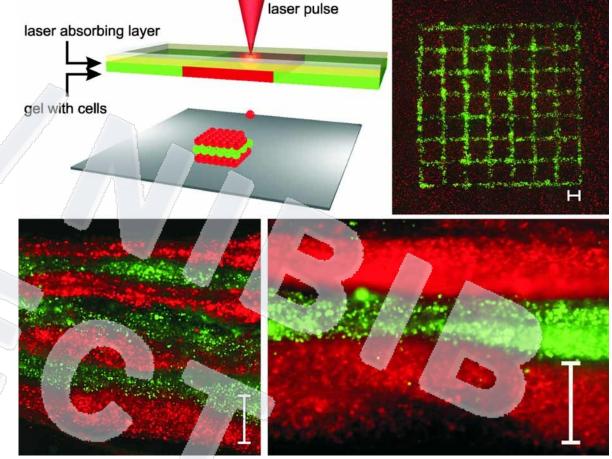
Skin, Farlex Partner Medical Dictionary, 2009



3D Printing Approaches for Skin

- Recapitulating the various layers of skin using different biomaterials and cell types
- Keratinocytes (keratin) and fibroblasts most commonly used

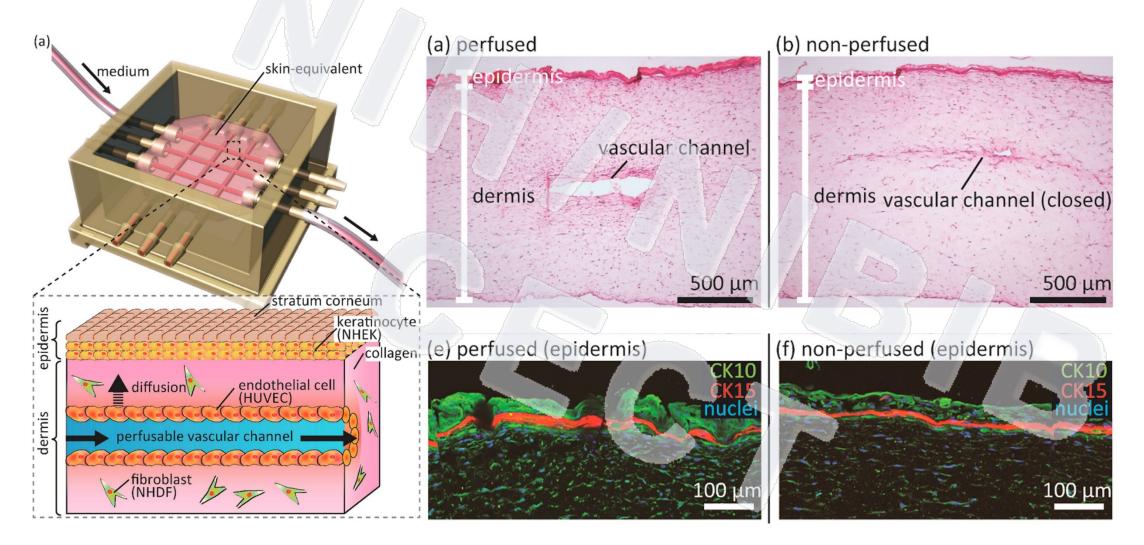




Koch et al., Biotech & Bioeng, 2012



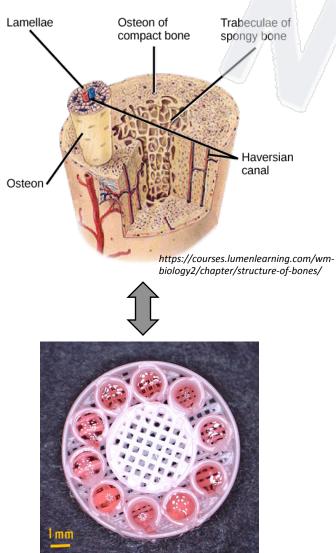
3D Printing Approaches for Skin



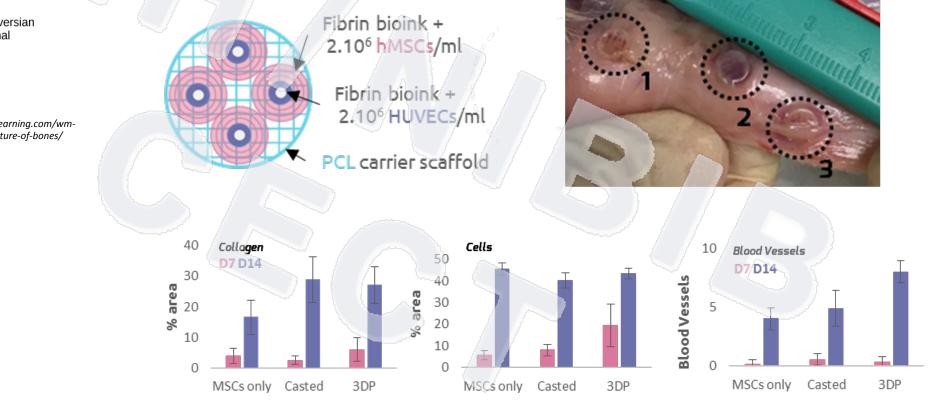


Mori et al, Biomaterials 2017,

3D Printing Bone Constructs



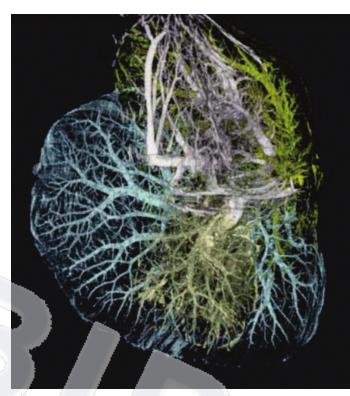
 Co-printing stiff (PCL) and soft (Fibrin) components for bone biomimicry



Biofabrication. 2019 Mar 28;11(2):025013

Vascularization Strategies

- Critical for large constructs
 - Diffusion restrictions
 - Nutrient availability, waste disposal
- Cancer metastasis
- Dysfunctions in vascular barriers
 - Blood brain (Alzheimers, MS)
- Drug transport
 - ADME, Toxicology, and PK/PD studies for drug development



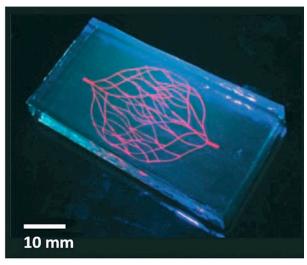
MRI of hepatic vasculature (Malarkey et al., Toxicologic Pathology, 33:27-34, 2005



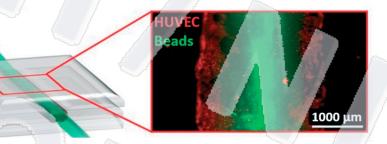
Vascularization Strategies

• Open channel formation and endothelialization at various scales

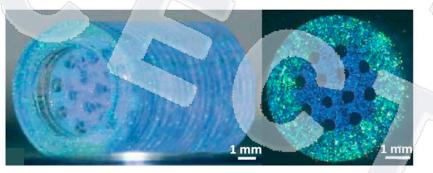
Sacrifical Pluronic Templating



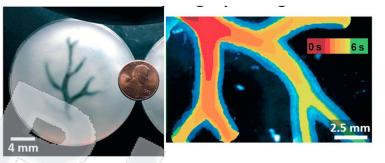
Sacrifical Gelatin Templating



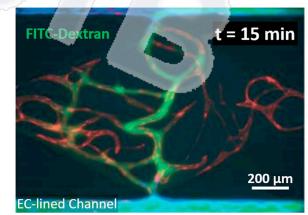
PEG Hydrogel Stereolithography



FRESH Printing



Microchannels



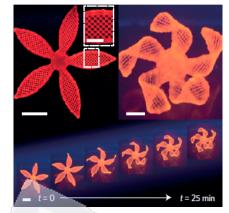
Potentials and future scope of 3D printing

Accounting for temporal changes: 4D printing

- Cellular constructs continue to evolve over time, changing the local microenvironment and consequently cell response
 - Smart biomaterials: response to external stimuli
 - Engineered biomaterials: response to temporal maturation

Advanced drug delivery mechanisms

- Release of drugs or cells in a programmable manner, depending on changes in body physiology
- 3D printed self-folding hydrogel layers loaded with different drugs and release profiles
- Making them implantable?



Lewis et al., Nat. Matls., Vol 15, April 2016



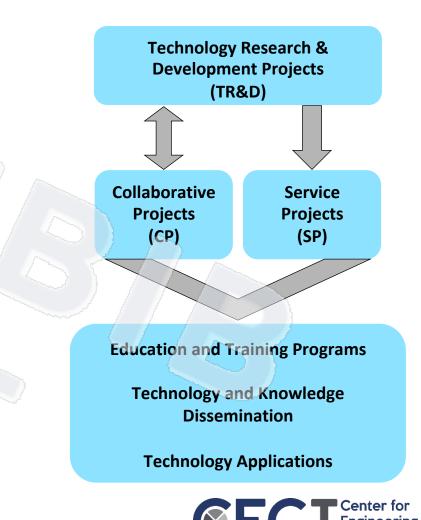
Villar, G. et al. (2013) Science 340, 48–52

omplex Tissues



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- The fabrication of complex engineered tissues remains a grand challenge in regenerative medicine
- CECT will pioneer the engineering of complex tissues by developing and disseminating techniques in bioreactor culture, cell printing, and complex scaffolds
- CECT will also establish a community of investigators in these endeavors through disseminating technologies and growing new technologies for fabricating complex tissues



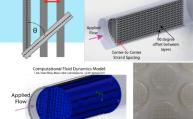
omplex Tissues



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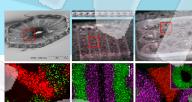
TR&D1: Bioreactor Culture

- 3DP Bioreactor Chambers
- Dynamic Coculture in Bioreactor Chambers
- Dynamic Coculture of 3DP Bone
 Mimetic



TR&D2: Cell Printing

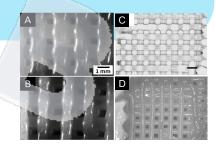
- Cell Positioning in 3DP Tissues
- Cell-Substrate Printing to Control Microenvironment
- Bioprinting of Multiple Cell Populations



TR&D3: Complex Scaffolds

Composite 3DP Scaffolds

- 3DP Scaffolds with Controlled Release
- Heterogeneously Distributed Growth Factors for Tissue Repair





TR&D 1: 3D Printed Bioreactors for Cell Culture

- Dr. John P. Fisher, University of Maryland
- **TR&D 2: Bioprinting Patterning for Cell-Laden Constructs** Dr. Anthony Atala and Dr. James J. Yoo, Wake Forest University

TR&D 3: Bioprinting for Complex Scaffold Fabrication

Dr. Antonios G. Mikos, Rice University

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Tissue Engineering & Biomaterials Laboratory Lab Members Lab Alumni

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Our Collaborators Include

Dr. Anthony Atala, Wake Forest Dr. Eric Brey, UT San Antonio Dr. John Caccamese, Maryland Dr. Yu Chen, Maryland Dr. Curt Civin, Maryland Dr. David Kaplan, US FDA Dr. Peter Kim, Children's National Dr. Maureen Dreher, US FDA Dr. Antonios Mikos, Rice Dr. James Yoo, Wake Forest

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Thank you



A tool for engineering the ideal conditions to ask key biological questions

